

#### **CORPORATE GOVERNANCE STATEMENT**

# **Corporate Governance Practices**

This statement provides an outline of the main corporate governance policies and practices that the Company had in place during the financial year. It is current as at 30 September 2022 and has been approved by the Board.

The Board places considerable importance on high standards of ethical behaviour, governance and accountability. The Board is committed to ensuring its corporate governance policies adhere, as much as is practicable, to the ASX Corporate Governance Council's Corporate Governance Principles and Recommendations.

The Board has recognised the need for the continual development of the Company's corporate governance policies and practices, particularly in view of the Australian Securities Exchange Corporate Governance Principles and Recommendations (4<sup>th</sup> edition) for the period from 1 July 2021 to 30 June 2022.

# Roles and Responsibilities of the Board and Company Secretary

The Board of Directors is accountable to shareholders for the proper and prudent investment and preservation of shareholder funds.

The Board is responsible for:

- overseeing the Company, including its control and accountability systems;
- providing leadership of the Company within a framework of prudent and effective controls which enable risks to be assessed and managed;
- providing input into and final approval of management's development of corporate strategy and performance objectives;
- reviewing, ratifying and monitoring systems of risk management and internal control, codes of conduct and legal compliance;
- setting the Company's direction, strategies and financial objectives;
- ensuring compliance with regulatory and ethical standards;
- approving and monitoring the progress of major capital expenditure, capital management and acquisitions and divestitures;
- · approving and monitoring financial and other reporting;
- appointing, terminating and reviewing the performance of the Managing Director/CEO;
- · ratifying the appointment and the termination of senior executives;
- monitoring senior executives' performance and implementation of strategy; and
- ensuring appropriate resources are available to senior executives.

Responsibility for the day-to-day management of the Company is delegated to the Managing Director/CEO and the other senior executives.

The Company Secretary is accountable to the Board, through the Chair, on all matters to do with the proper functioning of the Board, as set out in the Board Charter.

In carrying out its duties the Board meets regularly and additional meetings are held to address specific issues or are held as the need arises. Directors also participate in meetings of various Board committees. Information about the number of times the Board and each committee met throughout the most recent reporting period and the individual attendance of Directors and committee members at those meetings is set out in the Directors' Report included in the Company's most recent annual report.

The Board Charter is available in the "Corporate Governance" section of the Company's website.

# Composition of the Board

The Board may, in accordance with the Company's constitution, be comprised of a minimum of three and a maximum of ten Directors.

Mr. Ross Smyth-Kirk was appointed Executive Chairman on 2 May 2017 following the resignation of the CEO. The Executive Chairman performs the role of the CEO.

Information about Directors, including their qualifications, experience and the period for which each Director has held office are set out in the Directors' Report included in the Company's annual report and are also available on the Company's website.

At each Annual General Meeting of the Company, one third of the Directors (or the number nearest one-third) must retire from office. In addition any other Director who has held office (without re-election) for three years or more must also retire from office. The Directors to retire at any Annual General Meeting must be those who have been in office the longest since their last election. The retirement of Directors who were elected on the same day, must be determined by lot (unless they agree otherwise between themselves). A retiring Director is eligible for re-election.

A Director appointed to fill a casual vacancy or as an addition to the existing Directors will hold office until the next Annual General Meeting at which he or she may be re-elected.

Appropriate checks are performed before appointing a person or putting a person forward as a director. The Notice of Meeting for the AGM provides shareholders with information about each director standing for election or re-election including details regarding the length of their tenure, relevant skills and experience.

The Managing Director (where appointed) is not subject to retirement by rotation and, along with any Director appointed as an additional or casual Director, is not to be taken into account in determining the number of Directors required to retire by rotation.

In determining the composition of the Board, the Board and the Remuneration and Nomination Committee work together to ensure that the optimal size and blend of skills, expertise and experience are represented on the Board to further ensure that effective discussion and efficient decision making takes place. The Board is satisfied that the current Board is comprised of Directors representing a broad range of these attributes.

The following table summarises the skills, experience and expertise of the Directors serving on the Board at 30 June 2022.

# **Board Experience, Skills and Attributes Matrix**

	Board	Audit Committee	Remuneration Committee	Nomination Committee
Total Directors	3	3	3	3
Experience				
Corporate leadership Experience in senior corporate leadership role	3	3	3	3
International experience Senior experience in multiple international locations	3	3	3	3
Resource industry experience Relevant industry (mining, exploration) experience	3	3	3	3
Other Board level experience Board roles at other listed entities (last 3 years)	2	2	2	2
Capital projects Major resources capital project development and management	3	3	3	3
Tertiary qualifications				
Geology/Engineering	1	1	1	1
Accounting/economics	2	2	2	2
Gender				
Female	-	-	-	-
Male	3	3	3	3
Tenure				
0-3 years	-	-	-	-
3-6 years	-	1	-	1
6-9 years	1	1	1	1
9+ years	2	1	2	1

# **Director Independence**

The Board considers that independence from management and non-alignment with other interests or relationships with the Company is essential for impartial decision making and effective governance.

Directors are deemed to be independent if they are independent of management and have no material business or other relationship with the Company that could materially impede their objectivity or the exercise of independent judgement, or materially influence their ability to act in the best interests of the Company.

The Board consists of the following independent Directors:

- Mr Peter Alexander (Appointed 22 February 2011)
- Mr Peter Warren (Appointed 1 July 2014)

The Board currently comprises three directors, a majority of which are considered to be independent.

The Chairman of the Board, Mr Ross Smyth-Kirk, is an Executive Director and not independent. Mr Smyth-Kirk has occupied this position since 2 May 2017 and also performs the role of Chief Executive Officer.

# **Appointment of Directors**

Nominations of new Directors, recommended by the Nomination Committee, are considered by the full Board.

The Nomination Committee employs external consultants to access a wide base of potential Directors, considering their range of skills and experience required in light of the:

- · current composition of the Board;
- need for independence;
- the Company's Diversity Policy;
- strategic direction and progress of the Company; and
- nature of the Company's business.

The Board assesses nominated Directors against a range of criteria including experience, professional expertise, personal qualities, potential conflicts of interest and their capacity to commit themselves to the Board's activities.

The Company has written agreements with each Director and senior executive setting out the terms of their appointments.

#### Performance Review of the Board and Senior Executives

The Company has a policy of reviewing the performance of its Board, its Committees and senior executives on an annual basis. The Nomination Committee is responsible for evaluation of the Board, its committees and its key executives on an annual basis in accordance with the Nomination Committee Charter.

The Managing Director/CEO undertakes an annual review of the performance of each Senior Executive against individual tasks and objectives relating to their respective roles and responsibilities.

Performance evaluations of the Board, its committees, the individual Directors and key executives were undertaken in the 2022 financial year in accordance with the above processes.

# **Board Induction Program and Training**

The Company has an induction program for new Directors which includes providing them with the Company's Constitution, recently published reports and ASX announcements, recent management reports and corporate governance materials. Briefing meetings are also arranged with the CEO, CFO as well as other senior personnel. In addition, site visits are arranged.

Directors are encouraged to attend relevant professional development courses at the cost of the Company, subject to the approval of the Chairman.

# **Independent Professional Advice**

Directors are able to access members of the management team at any time to request relevant information.

It is also Board policy that Directors may seek independent advice at the Company's expense.

# **Board Committees**

To assist the Board in fulfilling its responsibilities, the Board has established three committees to consider certain issues and functions. These committees are as follows:

- Audit Committee;
- · Remuneration Committee; and
- · Nomination Committee.

Each committee operates under its own charter which are available in the "Corporate Governance" section of the Company's website.

#### **Audit Committee**

The members of the Audit Committee as at the date of this Report are:

- Mr. Peter Warren (Chairman of Audit Committee);
- Mr. Peter Alexander; and
- Mr. Ross Smyth-Kirk.

The Committee has appropriate financial expertise. All members of the Committee are financially literate and have an appropriate understanding of the industry in which the Company operates.

The Committee's role is to assist the Board to fulfil its responsibilities associated with the Company's accounts, its external financial reporting, its internal control structure, risk management systems and audit function. The primary functions of the Committee are to:

- review the financial information provided by the Board to shareholders and other parties ensuring that it is true and fair and complies with relevant accounting standards;
- ensure that corporate risk management policies and internal controls are in place and are maintained in accordance with appropriate standards and statutory requirements;
- oversee and evaluate the quality of the audits conducted by the external auditors;
- provide for open communication between the external auditors and the Board for the exchange of views and information; and
- recommend to the Board the nomination and remuneration of the external auditors and ensure their independence and integrity.

The Committee oversees established systems and controls to maintain the integrity of financial management and reporting within the Group.

In fulfilling its responsibilities, the Committee has rights of access to management and to auditors without management present and may seek explanations and additional information. The Group does not have a separate internal audit function.

In relation to all financial periods the CEO and CFO are required to make a declaration that in their opinion the financial records of the entity have been properly maintained and that the financial statements comply with the appropriate accounting standards and give a true and fair view of the financial position and performance of the entity and that the opinion has been formed on the basis of a sound system of risk management and internal control which is operating effectively.

The Company's process for verification of the integrity of any periodic corporate report it releases to the market that is not audited or reviewed by an external auditor is similar to the process followed for all releases to the market. That is, it ensures all releases and reports are prepared by appropriately qualified personnel with access to the appropriate information available to them to support the relevant report or release. All reports are then checked an approved for release by authorised personnel in accordance with Board approved policy.

Information about the qualifications and experience of committee members, number of times the Committee met throughout the most recent reporting period and the individual attendance of committee members at those meetings is set out in the Directors' Report included in the Company's most recent annual report.

Mr. Ross Smyth-Kirk was appointed Executive Chairman on 2 May 2017 following the resignation of the CEO. As a consequence, for an interim period, the Audit Committee has executive and non-executive directors.

The Committee operates in accordance with a charter published in the 'Corporate Governance' section of the Company's website.

### **Auditor Independence and Engagement**

The charter adopted by the Audit Committee confirms its role in assisting the Board in respect of the appointment, compensation, retention and oversight of the Company's external auditors. The external auditors are required to confirm that they have maintained their independence in accordance with the *Corporations Act 2001* (Cth) and the rules of professional accounting bodies.

The performance of the external auditor is reviewed annually and applications for tender of external audit services are requested when deemed appropriate, taking into consideration assessment of performance, existing value and tender costs.

An analysis of fees paid to the external auditors, including a breakdown of fees for non-audit services, is provided in the Directors' Report included in the Company's annual report. It is the policy of the external auditors to provide an annual declaration of their independence to the Committee.

The external auditor is requested to attend the Company's Annual General Meeting and be available to answer shareholder questions about the conduct of the audit and the preparation and content of the Audit Report.

# Risk Oversight and Management

The Board, through the Audit Committee, is responsible for ensuring that there are adequate policies in place in relation to risk management, compliance and internal control systems.

Kingsgate has a systematic and structured risk oversight and management program that involves a detailed analysis of material risks to the business and operates at various levels underpinned by specific systems and procedures.

Risk monitoring, managing, mitigating and reporting is conducted regularly and includes the following:

- regular internal management reporting;
- reporting at Board and Committee meetings by relevant managers;
- site visits by the Board and senior management;
- internal and external audits; and
- training, procedural manuals and meetings.

The Company's risk management framework is reviewed annually and with a review undertaken during the reporting period.

Examples of the Group's material exposure to economic, environmental and social sustainability risks are disclosed in the Directors' Report included in the Company's most recent annual report.

#### **Remuneration Committee**

The members of the Remuneration Committee as at the date of this Report are:

- Mr. Ross Smyth-Kirk (Chairman of Remuneration Committee)
- Mr. Peter Alexander; and
- Mr. Peter Warren.

The Remuneration Committee's role is to oversee the Company's remuneration and compensation plans.

To ensure that the review of remuneration practices and strategies on which decision making is based is objective and well founded, the Remuneration Committee engages external remuneration consultants.

The Remuneration Committee supports and advises the Board in fulfilling its responsibilities to shareholders by:

- ensuring shareholder and employee interests are aligned;
- ensuring the Company is able to attract, develop and retain talented employees;
- recommending to the Board, with the Managing Director/CEO, an appropriate executive remuneration policy;
- determining the remuneration of Directors in accordance with the Company's Non-Executive Director Remuneration Policy;
- having regard to the Company's Diversity Policy, including issues relating to remuneration by gender;
- reviewing and approving the remuneration of those reporting directly to the Managing Director/CEO and other senior executives, as appropriate; and
- reviewing all equity based plans for approval by the Board.

The Company's Executive Remuneration Policy is designed so that it motivates senior executives to pursue the long-term growth and success of the Company and demonstrates a clear relationship between senior executives' performance and remuneration. Participants in the Company's equity based remuneration scheme are not permitted to hedge the risk of participating in the scheme.

Information about the number of times the Remuneration Committee met throughout the most recent reporting period and the individual attendance of committee members at those meetings is set out in the Directors' Report included in the Company's most recent annual report.

Mr. Ross Smyth-Kirk was appointed Executive Chairman on 2 May 2017 following the resignation of the CEO. As a consequence, for an interim period, the Remuneration Committee is not chaired by an independent director.

The Remuneration Committee operates in accordance with a charter published in the 'Corporate Governance' section of the Company's website.

#### **Nomination Committee**

The members of the Nomination Committee as at the date of this Report are:

- Mr. Ross Smyth-Kirk (Chairman of Nomination Committee)
- Mr. Peter Alexander; and
- Mr. Peter Warren.

The role of the Nomination Committee supports and advises the Board in fulfilling its responsibility to ensure that it comprises individuals who are best able to discharge the responsibilities of the Directors, having regard to the law and the highest standards of governance, by:

- · assessing the skills required on the Board;
- reviewing the structure, size and composition of the Board;
- from time to time assessing the extent to which the required skills are represented on the Board;
- ensuring an appropriate succession planning is in place;
- establishing processes for the review of the performance of individual Directors and the Board as a whole, its committees and key executives; and
- establishing processes for the identification of suitable candidates for appointment to the Board.

To ensure that the Board has an appropriate mix of skills and experience, the Nomination Committee will consider men and women from diverse backgrounds for Board membership who have demonstrated high levels of integrity and performance in improving shareholder returns, and who can apply such skills and experience to the benefit of the Company.

Information about the number of times the Nomination Committee met throughout the most recent reporting period and the individual attendance of committee members at those meetings is set out in the Directors' Report included in the Company's most recent annual report.

Mr. Ross Smyth-Kirk was appointed Executive Chairman on 2 May 2017 following the resignation of the CEO. As a consequence, for an interim period, the Nomination Committee is not chaired by an independent director.

The Nomination Committee operates in accordance with a charter published in the 'Corporate Governance' section of the Company's website.

#### Ethical Standards and Code of Conduct

The Board and the Company's employees are expected to maintain the highest level of corporate ethics and personal behaviour. The Company has outlined its core vision and values by expressing the standards of behaviour it expects from its Directors, senior executives and employees in its code of conduct.

The core values of the Code of Conduct are:

- honesty and integrity;
- fairness and respect; and
- trust and openness.

The Code of Conduct provides clear directions on conducting business internationally, interacting with governments, communities, business partners and general workplace behaviour having regard to the best practice corporate governance models. The Code of Conduct sets out a behavioural framework for all employees in the context of a wide range of ethical and legal issues.

The Code of Conduct is published in the 'Corporate Governance' section of the Company's website.

# **Diversity**

The Company has a policy to improve the diversity of its workforce over time by identifying women and individuals from under-represented backgrounds for recruitment, and by rewarding and promoting employees on the basis of performance. Because the Company, at this stage of its development, has a small Board of Directors and a small management team which is geographically dispersed and because of the industry in which the Company operates, the Board does not consider it to be practicable to set measurable objectives to achieve greater gender diversity at this time, however it should be noted that all appointments are based on merit. The Board acknowledges the benefits of seeking to improve gender diversity at all levels in the Company over time and will keep this issue under review.

Current	Current Proportion of Women Employees (Australian based employees)				
Board	Board Senior Executives Senior Managers Managers Professionals Non-professionals Total <sup>1</sup>				
0.0% 0.0% 0.0% 33% 67% 100%					

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Calculation based on three full time Australian employees and excludes members of the Board.

The Company's Diversity Policy is available in the 'Corporate Governance' section of the Company's website.

#### Whistleblower Policy

The Company encourages anyone to speak-up and report any concerns about actual or suspected wrongdoing and improper conduct and ensures confidentiality and protection is provided to those who do so.

The Board is informed of any material incidents reported under the policy.

The Company's Whistleblower Policy is available in the 'Corporate Governance' section of the Company's website.

# Anti-Bribery and Anti-Corruption Policy

The Company has established an Anti-Bribery and Anti-Corruption Policy, which sets out the Company's zero tolerance for any bribery or corruption in its business operations.

Employees must not offer, promise, give, demand or accept any undue advantage, whether directly or indirectly, to or from:

- A public official
- A political candidate, party or party official
- A community leader or other person in a postion of public trust, or
- Any private sector employee in order to obtain, retain or direct business or to secure any other improper advantage in the conduct of business

The Board is informed of any material incidents reported under the policy.

The Company's Anti-Bribery and Anti-Corruption Policy is available in the 'Corporate Governance' section of the Company's website.

# Climate Change

As the climate is always changing we have been unable to identify any new risks to our business that previously did not exist.

As the IPCC has admitted there has not been an increase in frequency or intensity of natural disasters in recent years.

The only observed effect on the company has been the rise in energy costs due to the introduction of heavily subsidised "renewables" into the power grid.

However where appropriate the Group is committed to understanding and managing the impact of possible climate related risks to our business and our environment. This includes integrating financial, regulatory, market, and climate related risks, as well as energy considerations, into our decision making.

#### Share Trading Policy

In the interests of shareholder confidence and compliance with insider trading laws, the Company has formal policies governing the trading of the Company's securities by Directors, officers and employees. Details of Directors' shareholdings are disclosed in the Directors' Report.

The policy prohibits Directors and employees from engaging in short-term trading of any of the Company's securities and buying or selling the Company's securities if they possess unpublished, price-sensitive information.

Directors and senior management may buy or sell Company securities in the four week period following significant announcements by the Company, including the release of the quarterly report, half-yearly results, the preliminary annual results and the lodgement of the Company's Annual Report (subject to the prohibition of dealing in the Company's securities if they possess unpublished price sensitive information).

Directors and senior management must also receive approval from the Chairman before buying or selling Company securities.

The Company's Share Trading Policy is available in the 'Corporate Governance' section of the Company's website.

#### **Communication with Shareholders and Continuous Disclosure**

The Company is committed to providing relevant and timely information to its shareholders in accordance with its continuous disclosure obligations under the ASX Listing Rules and the *Corporations Act 2001* (Cth).

Information is communicated to shareholders through the distribution of the Company's Annual Report and other communications. All releases are posted on the Company's website and released to the ASX in a timely manner.

The Company has practices in place governing who may authorise and make disclosures and the method by which the market is to be informed of any price sensitive information.

The Company Secretary is responsible for communications with the ASX and ensuring that the Company meets its continuous disclosure obligations. The Company Secretary distributes copies of all material ASX announcements to the Board promptly following release.

The Company provides information about itself and its governance to investors in the 'Corporate Governance' section on the Company's website.

The Company has a continuous disclosure policy, shareholder communication policy and an investor relations program to facilitate effective communication between the Company and investors. The Board regularly considers communications received from shareholders.

Shareholders have the option of receiving communications from and sending communications to the Company and its share registry electronically.

The Company's Continuous Disclosure Policy is available in the 'Corporate Governance' section of the Company's website.

# **General Meetings**

All shareholders are encouraged to attend and participate in the Annual General Meeting and other specially convened general meetings of the Company. Shareholders may attend in person or send a proxy as their representative.

The Company's external auditor is routinely invited to and attends the Annual General Meeting in order to respond to questions raised by shareholders relating to the content and conduct of the audit and accounting policies adopted by the Company in relation to the preparation of the financial statements.

The Company encourages participation at meetings by providing a facility for shareholders to put questions to the Company in advance of the meeting which the Company will answer at the meeting, so far as practicable and to the extent permitted by law.

All substantive resolutions at meetings of security holders are decided by poll rather than by a show of hands.

# **Appendix 4G**

# Key to Disclosures Corporate Governance Council Principles and Recommendations

Name	Name of entity				
Kings	Kingsgate Consolidated Limited				
ABN/A	RBN		Financial year ended:		
42 000	) 837 472		30 June 2022		
Our co	rporate governance staten	nent <sup>1</sup> for the period above can be fo	ound at: <sup>2</sup>		
	These pages of our annual report:				
$\boxtimes$	This URL on our website:	http://www.kingsgate.com.au/	corporate-governance/		
The Corporate Governance Statement is accurate and up to date as at 30 September 2022 and has been approved by the board.					
The annexure includes a key to where our corporate governance disclosures can be located.3					
Date: 30 Se		30 September 2022			
		Paul Mason Company Secretary			

Listing Rule 4.10.3 requires an entity that is included in the official list as an ASX Listing to include in its annual report either a corporate governance statement that meets the requirements of that rule or the URL of the page on its website where such a statement is located. The corporate governance statement must disclose the extent to which the entity has followed the recommendations set by the ASX Corporate Governance Council during the reporting period. If the entity has not followed a recommendation for any part of the reporting period, its corporate governance statement must separately identify that recommendation and the period during which it was not followed and state its reasons for not following the recommendation and what (if any) alternative governance practices it adopted in lieu of the recommendation during that period.

Under Listing Rule 4.7.4, if an entity chooses to include its corporate governance statement on its website rather than in its annual report, it must lodge a copy of the corporate governance statement with ASX at the same time as it lodges its annual report with ASX. The corporate governance statement must be current as at the effective date specified in that statement for the purposes of Listing Rule 4.10.3.

Under Listing Rule 4.7.3, an entity must also lodge with ASX a completed Appendix 4G at the same time as it lodges its annual report with ASX. The Appendix 4G serves a dual purpose. It acts as a key designed to assist readers to locate the governance disclosures made by a listed entity under Listing Rule 4.10.3 and under the ASX Corporate Governance Council's recommendations. It also acts as a verification tool for listed entities to confirm that they have met the disclosure requirements of Listing Rule 4.10.3.

The Appendix 4G is not a substitute for, and is not to be confused with, the entity's corporate governance statement. They serve different purposes and an entity must produce each of them separately.

See notes 4 and 5 below for further instructions on how to complete this form.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> "Corporate governance statement" is defined in Listing Rule 19.12 to mean the statement referred to in Listing Rule 4.10.3 which discloses the extent to which an entity has followed the recommendations set by the ASX Corporate Governance Council during a particular reporting period.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> Tick whichever option is correct and then complete the page number(s) of the annual report, or the URL of the web page, where your corporate governance statement can be found. You can, if you wish, delete the option which is not applicable.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup> Throughout this form, where you are given two or more options to select, you can, if you wish, delete any option which is not applicable and just retain the option that is applicable. If you select an option that includes "OR" at the end of the selection and you delete the other options, you can also, if you wish, delete the "OR" at the end of the selection.

# ANNEXURE - KEY TO CORPORATE GOVERNANCE DISCLOSURES

Corpo	rate Governance Council recommendation	Where a box below is ticked, <sup>4</sup> we have followed the recommendation in <u>full</u> for the <u>whole</u> of the period above. We have disclosed this in our Corporate Governance Statement:	Where a box below is ticked, we have NOT followed the recommendation in full for the whole of the period above. Our reasons for not doing so are:5
PRINC	CIPLE 1 – LAY SOLID FOUNDATIONS FOR MANAGEMENT AND O	VERSIGHT	
1.1	A listed entity should have and disclose a board charter setting out:  (a) the respective roles and responsibilities of its board and management; and  (b) those matters expressly reserved to the board and those delegated to management.	and we have disclosed a copy of our board charter at: the Corporate Governance Statement, http://www.kingsgate.com.au/corporate-governance/	□ set out in our Corporate Governance Statement OR □ we are an externally managed entity and this recommendation is therefore not applicable
1.2	A listed entity should:     (a) undertake appropriate checks before appointing a director or senior executive or putting someone forward for election as a director; and     (b) provide security holders with all material information in its possession relevant to a decision on whether or not to elect or re-elect a director.		□ set out in our Corporate Governance Statement <u>OR</u> □ we are an externally managed entity and this recommendation is therefore not applicable
1.3	A listed entity should have a written agreement with each director and senior executive setting out the terms of their appointment.		□ set out in our Corporate Governance Statement <u>OR</u> □ we are an externally managed entity and this recommendation is therefore not applicable
1.4	The company secretary of a listed entity should be accountable directly to the board, through the chair, on all matters to do with the proper functioning of the board.		□ set out in our Corporate Governance Statement <u>OR</u> □ we are an externally managed entity and this recommendation is therefore not applicable

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>4</sup> Tick the box in this column only if you have followed the relevant recommendation in <u>full</u> for the <u>whole</u> of the period above. Where the recommendation has a disclosure obligation attached, you must insert the location where that disclosure has been made, where indicated by the line with "insert location" underneath. If the disclosure in question has been made in your corporate governance statement, you need only insert "our corporate governance statement". If the disclosure has been made in your annual report, you should insert the page number(s) of your annual report (eg "pages 10-12 of our annual report"). If the disclosure has been made on your website, you should insert the URL of the web page where the disclosure has been made or can be accessed (eg "www.entityname.com.au/corporate governance/charters/").

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>5</sup> If you have followed all of the Council's recommendations in full for the whole of the period above, you can, if you wish, delete this column from the form and re-format it.

Corpo	rate Governance Council recommendation	Where a box below is ticked, <sup>4</sup> we have followed the recommendation in <u>full</u> for the <u>whole</u> of the period above. We have disclosed this in our Corporate Governance Statement:	Where a box below is ticked, we have NOT followed the recommendation in full for the whole of the period above. Our reasons for not doing so are:5
1.5	A listed entity should:		
	<ul><li>(a) have and disclose a diversity policy;</li><li>(b) through its board or a committee of the board set</li></ul>	and we have disclosed a copy of our diversity policy at:	we are an externally managed entity and this recommendation is therefore not applicable
	measurable objectives for achieving gender diversity in the composition of its board, senior executives and workforce generally; and	and we have disclosed the information referred to in paragraph (c) at:	
	(c) disclose in relation to each reporting period:	at:	
	<ol> <li>the measurable objectives set for that period to achieve gender diversity;</li> </ol>	and if we were included in the S&P / ASX 300 Index at the	
	(2) the entity's progress towards achieving those objectives; and	commencement of the reporting period our measurable objective for achieving gender diversity in the composition of its board of not less	
	(3) either:	than 30% of its directors of each gender within a specified period.	
	<ul> <li>(A) the respective proportions of men and women on the board, in senior executive positions and across the whole workforce (including how the entity has defined "senior executive" for these purposes); or</li> <li>(B) if the entity is a "relevant employer" under the Workplace Gender Equality Act, the entity's most recent "Gender Equality Indicators", as defined in and published under that Act.</li> </ul>		
	If the entity was in the S&P / ASX 300 Index at the commencement of the reporting period, the measurable objective for achieving gender diversity in the composition of its board should be to have not less than 30% of its directors of each gender within a specified period.		
1.6	A listed entity should:	$\boxtimes$	□ set out in our Corporate Governance Statement <u>OR</u>
	(a) have and disclose a process for periodically evaluating the performance of the board, its committees and individual directors; and     (b) disclose for each reporting period whether a performance evaluation has been undertaken in accordance with that process during or in respect of that period.	and we have disclosed the evaluation process referred to in paragraph (a) at: the Corporate Governance Statement, http://www.kingsgate.com.au/corporate-governance/ and whether a performance evaluation was undertaken for the reporting period in accordance with that process at: the Corporate Governance Statement,	□ we are an externally managed entity and this recommendation is therefore not applicable
		http://www.kingsgate.com.au/corporate-governance/	

Corpo	orate Governance Council recommendation	Where a box below is ticked, <sup>4</sup> we have followed the recommendation in <u>full</u> for the <u>whole</u> of the period above. We have disclosed this in our Corporate Governance Statement:	Where a box below is ticked, we have NOT followed the recommendation in full for the whole of the period above. Our reasons for not doing so are: <sup>5</sup>
1.7	A listed entity should:     (a) have and disclose a process for evaluating the performance of its senior executives at least once every reporting period; and     (b) disclose for each reporting period whether a performance evaluation has been undertaken in accordance with that process during or in respect of that period.	and we have disclosed the evaluation process referred to in paragraph (a) at: the Corporate Governance Statement, http://www.kingsgate.com.au/corporate-governance/ and whether a performance evaluation was undertaken for the reporting period in accordance with that process at: the Corporate Governance Statement, http://www.kingsgate.com.au/corporate-governance/	<ul> <li>□ set out in our Corporate Governance Statement OR</li> <li>□ we are an externally managed entity and this recommendation is therefore not applicable</li> </ul>

Corpor	ate Governance Council recommendation	Where a box below is ticked, <sup>4</sup> we have followed the recommendation in full for the whole of the period above. We have disclosed this in our Corporate Governance Statement:	Where a box below is ticked, we have NOT followed the recommendation in full for the whole of the period above. Our reasons for not doing so are: <sup>5</sup>
PRINCI	PLE 2 - STRUCTURE THE BOARD TO BE EFFECTIVE AND ADD	VALUE	
2.1	The board of a listed entity should:  (a) have a nomination committee which:  (1) has at least three members, a majority of whom are independent directors; and  (2) is chaired by an independent director, and disclose:  (3) the charter of the committee;  (4) the members of the committee; and  (5) as at the end of each reporting period, the number of times the committee met throughout the period and the individual attendances of the members at those meetings; or  (b) if it does not have a nomination committee, disclose that fact and the processes it employs to address board succession issues and to ensure that the board has the appropriate balance of skills, knowledge, experience, independence and diversity to enable it to discharge its duties and responsibilities effectively.	and we have disclosed a copy of the charter of the committee at:  and the information referred to in paragraphs (4) and (5) at:  and we have disclosed the fact that we do not have a nomination committee and the processes we employ to address board succession issues and to ensure that the board has the appropriate balance of skills, knowledge, experience, independence and diversity to enable it to discharge its duties and responsibilities effectively at:	set out in our Corporate Governance Statement OR  we are an externally managed entity and this recommendation is therefore not applicable
2.2	A listed entity should have and disclose a board skills matrix setting out the mix of skills that the board currently has or is looking to achieve in its membership.	and we have disclosed our board skills matrix at:  the Corporate Governance Statement, http://www.kingsgate.com.au/corporate-governance/	<ul> <li>□ set out in our Corporate Governance Statement <u>OR</u></li> <li>□ we are an externally managed entity and this recommendation is therefore not applicable</li> </ul>
2.3	<ul> <li>A listed entity should disclose:</li> <li>(a) the names of the directors considered by the board to be independent directors;</li> <li>(b) if a director has an interest, position, affiliation or relationship of the type described in Box 2.3 but the board is of the opinion that it does not compromise the independence of the director, the nature of the interest, position or relationship in question and an explanation of why the board is of that opinion; and</li> <li>(c) the length of service of each director.</li> </ul>	and we have disclosed the names of the directors considered by the board to be independent directors at: <a href="mailto:the-corporate-governance">the Corporate Governance</a> Statement <a href="http://www.kingsgate.com.au/corporate-governance/">http://www.kingsgate.com.au/corporate-governance/</a> , and, where applicable, the information referred to in paragraph (b) at: <a href="mailto:the-corporate-governance/">the-corporate Governance Statement</a> , <a href="http://www.kingsgate.com.au/corporate-governance/">the-corporate-governance/</a> and the length of service of each director at: <a href="mailto:the-corporate-governance/">the-corporate-governance/</a> Governance Statement, <a href="http://www.kingsgate.com.au/corporate-governance/">http://www.kingsgate.com.au/corporate-governance/</a>	□ set out in our Corporate Governance Statement

Corporate Governance Council recommendation		Where a box below is ticked, <sup>4</sup> we have followed the recommendation <u>in full</u> for the <u>whole</u> of the period above. We have disclosed this in our Corporate Governance Statement:	Where a box below is ticked, we have NOT followed the recommendation in full for the whole of the period above. Our reasons for not doing so are:5
2.4	A majority of the board of a listed entity should be independent directors.		<ul> <li>□ set out in our Corporate Governance Statement <u>OR</u></li> <li>□ we are an externally managed entity and this recommendation is therefore not applicable</li> </ul>
2.5	The chair of the board of a listed entity should be an independent director and, in particular, should not be the same person as the CEO of the entity.		<ul> <li>         ⊠ set out in our Corporate Governance Statement <u>OR</u>          □ we are an externally managed entity and this recommendation is therefore not applicable     </li> </ul>
2.6	A listed entity should have a program for inducting new directors and for periodically reviewing whether there is a need for existing directors to undertake professional development to maintain the skills and knowledge needed to perform their role as directors effectively.		<ul> <li>□ set out in our Corporate Governance Statement OR</li> <li>□ we are an externally managed entity and this recommendation is therefore not applicable</li> </ul>
PRINCIP	LE 3 – INSTIL A CULTURE OF ACTING LAWFULLY, ETHICALLY	AND RESPONSIBLY	
3.1	A listed entity should articulate and disclose its values.	and we have disclosed our values at: the Corporate Governance Statement, http://www.kingsgate.com.au/corporate-governance/	□ set out in our Corporate Governance Statement
3.2	A listed entity should:  (a) have and disclose a code of conduct for its directors, senior executives and employees; and  (b) ensure that the board or a committee of the board is informed of any material breaches of that code.	and we have disclosed our code of conduct at: the Corporate Governance Statement, http://www.kingsgate.com.au/corporate-governance/	□ set out in our Corporate Governance Statement
3.3	A listed entity should:     (a) have and disclose a whistleblower policy; and     (b) ensure that the board or a committee of the board is informed of any material incidents reported under that policy.	and we have disclosed our whistleblower policy at: the Corporate Governance Statement, http://www.kingsgate.com.au/corporate-governance/	□ set out in our Corporate Governance Statement
3.4	A listed entity should:  (a) have and disclose an anti-bribery and corruption policy; and  (b) ensure that the board or committee of the board is informed of any material breaches of that policy.	and we have disclosed our anti-bribery and corruption policy at: the Corporate Governance Statement, http://www.kingsgate.com.au/corporate-governance/	□ set out in our Corporate Governance Statement

Corpor	ate Governance Council recommendation	Where a box below is ticked, <sup>4</sup> we have followed the recommendation <u>in full</u> for the <u>whole</u> of the period above. We have disclosed this in our Corporate Governance Statement:	Where a box below is ticked, we have NOT followed the recommendation in full for the whole of the period above. Our reasons for not doing so are: <sup>5</sup>
PRINCI	PLE 4 – SAFEGUARD THE INTEGRITY OF CORPORATE REPOR	TS	
4.1	The board of a listed entity should:  (a) have an audit committee which:  (1) has at least three members, all of whom are non-executive directors and a majority of whom are independent directors; and  (2) is chaired by an independent director, who is not the chair of the board, and disclose:  (3) the charter of the committee;  (4) the relevant qualifications and experience of the members of the committee; and  (5) in relation to each reporting period, the number of times the committee met throughout the period and the individual attendances of the members at those meetings; or  (b) if it does not have an audit committee, disclose that fact and the processes it employs that independently verify and safeguard the integrity of its corporate reporting, including the processes for the appointment and removal of the external auditor and the rotation of the audit engagement partner.	and we have disclosed a copy of the charter of the committee at:  and the information referred to in paragraphs (4) and (5) at:  and we have disclosed the fact that we do not have an audit committee and the processes we employ that independently verify and safeguard the integrity of our corporate reporting, including the processes for the appointment and removal of the external auditor and the rotation of the audit engagement partner at:	set out in our Corporate Governance Statement
4.2	The board of a listed entity should, before it approves the entity's financial statements for a financial period, receive from its CEO and CFO a declaration that, in their opinion, the financial records of the entity have been properly maintained and that the financial statements comply with the appropriate accounting standards and give a true and fair view of the financial position and performance of the entity and that the opinion has been formed on the basis of a sound system of risk management and internal control which is operating effectively.		□ set out in our Corporate Governance Statement
4.3	A listed entity should disclose its process to verify the integrity of any periodic corporate report it releases to the market that is not audited or reviewed by an external auditor.		□ set out in our Corporate Governance Statement

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PRINCI	PLE 5 – MAKE TIMELY AND BALANCED DISCLOSURE		
5.1	A listed entity should have and disclose a written policy for complying with its continuous disclosure obligations under listing rule 3.1.	and we have disclosed our continuous disclosure compliance policy at: the Corporate Governance Statement. http://www.kingsgate.com.au/corporate-governance/	□ set out in our Corporate Governance Statement
5.2	A listed entity should ensure that its board receives copies of all material market announcements promptly after they have been made.		□ set out in our Corporate Governance Statement
5.3	A listed entity that gives a new and substantive investor or analyst presentation should release a copy of the presentation materials on the ASX Market Announcements Platform ahead of the presentation.		□ set out in our Corporate Governance Statement
PRINCI	PLE 6 – RESPECT THE RIGHTS OF SECURITY HOLDERS		
6.1	A listed entity should provide information about itself and its governance to investors via its website.	and we have disclosed information about us and our governance on our website at: <a href="http://www.kingsgate.com.au/corporate-governance/">http://www.kingsgate.com.au/corporate-governance/</a>	□ set out in our Corporate Governance Statement
6.2	A listed entity should have an investor relations program that facilitates effective two-way communication with investors.		□ set out in our Corporate Governance Statement
6.3	A listed entity should disclose how it facilitates and encourages participation at meetings of security holders.	and we have disclosed how we facilitate and encourage participation at meetings of security holders at:  the Corporate Governance Statement, http://www.kingsgate.com.au/corporate-governance/	□ set out in our Corporate Governance Statement
6.4	A listed entity should ensure that all substantive resolutions at a meeting of security holders are decided by a poll rather than by a show of hands.		□ set out in our Corporate Governance Statement
6.5	A listed entity should give security holders the option to receive communications from, and send communications to, the entity and its security registry electronically.		□ set out in our Corporate Governance Statement

Corpora	ate Governance Council recommendation	Where a box below is ticked, <sup>4</sup> we have followed the recommendation <u>in full</u> for the <u>whole</u> of the period above. We have disclosed this in our Corporate Governance Statement:	Where a box below is ticked, we have NOT followed the recommendation in full for the whole of the period above. Our reasons for not doing so are: <sup>5</sup>
PRINCIF	PLE 7 – RECOGNISE AND MANAGE RISK		
7.1	The board of a listed entity should:  (a) have a committee or committees to oversee risk, each of which:  (1) has at least three members, a majority of whom are independent directors; and  (2) is chaired by an independent director, and disclose:  (3) the charter of the committee;  (4) the members of the committee; and  (5) as at the end of each reporting period, the number of times the committee met throughout the period and the individual attendances of the members at those meetings; or  (b) if it does not have a risk committee or committees that satisfy (a) above, disclose that fact and the processes it employs for overseeing the entity's risk management framework.	and we have disclosed a copy of the charter of the committee at: the Corporate Governance Statement, http://www.kingsgate.com.au/corporate-governance/ and the information referred to in paragraphs (4) and (5) at: 2021 Annual Report > Directors' Report http://www.kingsgate.com.au/annual-reports	□ set out in our Corporate Governance Statement
7.2	The board or a committee of the board should:  (a) review the entity's risk management framework at least annually to satisfy itself that it continues to be sound and that the entity is operating with due regard to the risk appetite set by the board; and  (b) disclose, in relation to each reporting period, whether such a review has taken place.	and we have disclosed whether a review of the entity's risk management framework was undertaken during the reporting period at: the Corporate Governance Statement, http://www.kingsgate.com.au/corporate-governance/	□ set out in our Corporate Governance Statement
7.3	A listed entity should disclose:     (a) if it has an internal audit function, how the function is structured and what role it performs; or     (b) if it does not have an internal audit function, that fact and the processes it employs for evaluating and continually improving the effectiveness of its governance, risk management and internal control processes.	We have disclosed the fact that we do not have an internal audit function and the processes we employ for evaluating and continually improving the effectiveness of our risk management and internal control processes at: <a href="mailto:the-corporate-Governance-Statement">the Corporate Governance Statement</a> , <a href="http://www.kingsgate.com.au/corporate-governance/">http://www.kingsgate.com.au/corporate-governance/</a>	□ set out in our Corporate Governance Statement

Corpora	e Governance Council recommendation	Where a box below is ticked, <sup>4</sup> we have followed the recommendation in <u>full</u> for the <u>whole</u> of the period above. We have disclosed this in our Corporate Governance Statement:	Where a box below is ticked, we have NOT followed the recommendation in full for the whole of the period above. Our reasons for not doing so are:5
7.4	A listed entity should disclose whether it has any material exposure to environmental or social risks and, if it does, how it manages or intends to manage those risks.	and we have disclosed whether we have any material exposure to environmental and social risks at:  2021 Annual Report > Directors' Report http://www.kingsgate.com.au/annual-reports and, if we do, how we manage or intend to manage those risks at: 2021 Annual Report > Directors' Report http://www.kingsgate.com.au/annual-reports	□ set out in our Corporate Governance Statement

Corporate Governance Council recommendation		Where a box below is ticked, <sup>4</sup> we have followed the recommendation <u>in full</u> for the <u>whole</u> of the period above. We have disclosed this in our Corporate Governance Statement:	Where a box below is ticked, we have NOT followed the recommendation in full for the whole of the period above. Our reasons for not doing so are: <sup>5</sup>		
PRINCIPLE 8 – REMUNERATE FAIRLY AND RESPONSIBLY					
8.1	The board of a listed entity should:  (a) have a remuneration committee which:  (1) has at least three members, a majority of whom are independent directors; and  (2) is chaired by an independent director, and disclose:  (3) the charter of the committee;  (4) the members of the committee; and  (5) as at the end of each reporting period, the number of times the committee met throughout the period and the individual attendances of the members at those meetings; or  (b) if it does not have a remuneration committee, disclose that fact and the processes it employs for setting the level and composition of remuneration for directors and senior executives and ensuring that such remuneration is appropriate and not excessive.	and we have disclosed a copy of the charter of the committee at:  and the information referred to in paragraphs (4) and (5) at:  and we have disclosed the fact that we do not have a remuneration committee and the processes we employ for setting the level and composition of remuneration for directors and senior executives and ensuring that such remuneration is appropriate and not excessive:	set out in our Corporate Governance Statement OR  we are an externally managed entity and this recommendation is therefore not applicable		
8.2	A listed entity should separately disclose its policies and practices regarding the remuneration of non-executive directors and the remuneration of executive directors and other senior executives.	and we have disclosed separately our remuneration policies and practices regarding the remuneration of non-executive directors and the remuneration of executive directors and other senior executives at: 2021 Annual Report > Remuneration Report http://www.kingsgate.com.au/annual-reports	<ul> <li>□ set out in our Corporate Governance Statement <u>OR</u></li> <li>□ we are an externally managed entity and this recommendation is therefore not applicable</li> </ul>		
8.3	A listed entity which has an equity-based remuneration scheme should:      (a) have a policy on whether participants are permitted to enter into transactions (whether through the use of derivatives or otherwise) which limit the economic risk of participating in the scheme; and      (b) disclose that policy or a summary of it.	and we have disclosed our policy on this issue or a summary of it at: the Corporate Governance Statement, http://www.kingsgate.com.au/corporate-governance/	<ul> <li>□ set out in our Corporate Governance Statement <u>OR</u></li> <li>□ we do not have an equity-based remuneration scheme and this recommendation is therefore not applicable <u>OR</u></li> <li>□ we are an externally managed entity and this recommendation is therefore not applicable</li> </ul>		

Corporate Governance Council recommendation		Where a box below is ticked, <sup>4</sup> we have followed the recommendation <u>in full</u> for the <u>whole</u> of the period above. We have disclosed this in our Corporate Governance Statement:	Where a box below is ticked, we have NOT followed the recommendation in full for the whole of the period above. Our reasons for not doing so are: <sup>5</sup>			
ADDITIONAL RECOMMENDATIONS THAT APPLY ONLY IN CERTAIN CASES						
9.1	A listed entity with a director who does not speak the language in which board or security holder meetings are held or key corporate documents are written should disclose the processes it has in place to ensure the director understands and can contribute to the discussions at those meetings and understands and can discharge their obligations in relation to those documents.	Not applicable	<ul> <li>□ set out in our Corporate Governance Statement <u>OR</u></li> <li>⋈ we do not have a director in this position and this recommendation is therefore not applicable <u>OR</u></li> <li>□ we are an externally managed entity and this recommendation is therefore not applicable</li> </ul>			
9.2	A listed entity established outside Australia should ensure that meetings of security holders are held at a reasonable place and time.	Not applicable	<ul> <li>□ set out in our Corporate Governance Statement <u>OR</u></li> <li>□ we are established in Australia and this recommendation is therefore not applicable <u>OR</u></li> <li>□ we are an externally managed entity and this recommendation is therefore not applicable</li> </ul>			
9.3	A listed entity established outside Australia, and an externally managed listed entity that has an AGM, should ensure that its external auditor attends its AGM and is available to answer questions from security holders relevant to the audit.	Not applicable	<ul> <li>□ set out in our Corporate Governance Statement <u>OR</u></li> <li>⋈ we are established in Australia and not an externally managed listed entity and this recommendation is therefore not applicable</li> <li>□ we are an externally managed entity that does not hold an AGM and this recommendation is therefore not applicable</li> </ul>			
ADDITIO	DNAL DISCLOSURES APPLICABLE TO EXTERNALLY MANAGE	D LISTED ENTITIES				
-	Alternative to Recommendation 1.1 for externally managed listed entities:  The responsible entity of an externally managed listed entity should disclose:  (a) the arrangements between the responsible entity and the listed entity for managing the affairs of the listed entity; and  (b) the role and responsibility of the board of the responsible entity for overseeing those arrangements.	Not applicable	□ set out in our Corporate Governance Statement			
-	Alternative to Recommendations 8.1, 8.2 and 8.3 for externally managed listed entities:  An externally managed listed entity should clearly disclose the terms governing the remuneration of the manager.	Not applicable	□ set out in our Corporate Governance Statement			